LISTING OF THE CLAIMS:

The following is a complete listing of all the claims in the application, with an indication of the status of each.

- 1 1. (Currently Amended) A data processing device including:
- 2 a processor;
- a charge storage device coupled to the processor;
- a current source for supplying the processor with substantially constant
- 5 operating current at a level switchable among multiple nonzero current levels,
- and adapted to switch the level of the vary its output operating current
- 7 independently of an instantaneous power demand of the processor by switching,
- 8 on at least one of a periodic and an aperiodic basis, among either periodically or
- 9 aperiodically between the multiple nonzero current levels.
- 2. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 1 wherein in which the charge
- 2 storage device comprises a capacitor in series with the current source, and
- 3 across which the processor is connected in parallel.
- 3. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 1 wherein in which the current
- 2 source is adapted to periodically or aperiodically switch between two different
- 3 nonzero current levels.

- 4. (Canceled)
- 5. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 3 wherein in which the current
- 2 <u>source is adapted to determine the</u> interval between switching current levels
- 3 <u>based on</u> is determined by an average power demand of the processor.
- 6. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 1 wherein in which the current
- 2 source further comprises:
- a second current source adapted to provide a noise current, superposed on
- 4 the substantially constant current, that varies on at least one from among a
- 5 random <u>and</u> or pseudo-random basis.
- 7. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 1 further including <u>a</u> control means
- 2 for controlling the current source adapted to maintain the supply voltage to the
- 3 processor between an upper voltage limit and a lower voltage limit.
- 8. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 1 further including a zener diode
- 2 <u>connected to the processor</u> adapted to maintain the supply voltage to the
- 3 processor between an upper voltage limit and a lower voltage limit.
- 9. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 7 wherein in which the control
- 2 means includes a current switching means for switching the current source
- 3 between a first, higher current level and a second, lower current level, the
- 4 current level switching being triggered by the supply voltage to the processor
- 5 respectively reaching the lower voltage limit and the upper voltage limit.

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1 10. (Original) The device of claim 9 further including a timer for determining a

2 time period taken for the processor supply voltage to reach a lower voltage limit

3 from an upper voltage limit, or vice versa.

1 11. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 10 wherein the timer determines

2 whether the time period falls outside predetermined limits, and further

3 including current setting means for varying at least one from among the first

4 current level and and/or the second current level of the current source if the

5 timer determines that the time period falls outside <u>the</u> predetermined limits.

1 12. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 11 wherein the predetermined

2 limits include a first predetermined threshold, and wherein in which the

3 current setting means raises the first current level if the timer determines that

4 the time period for reaching the lower voltage limit falls below the [[a]] first

5 predetermined threshold.

1 13. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 11 wherein the predetermined

2 <u>limits include a second predetermined threshold, and wherein in which</u> the

3 current setting means reduces the first current level if the timer determines

4 that the time period for reaching the lower voltage limit exceeds the [[a]] second

5 predetermined level.

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- 14. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 11 wherein the predetermined 1
- limits include a first predetermined threshold, and wherein in which the 2
- current setting means reduces the second current level if the timer determines 3
- 4 that the time period for reaching the upper voltage limit exceeds the [[a]] first
- predetermined level. 5
- 15. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 11 wherein the predetermined 1
- 2 limits include a second predetermined threshold, and wherein in which the
- current setting means raises the second current level if the timer determines 3
- that the time period for reaching the upper voltage limit exceeds the [[a]] second 4
- predetermined level. 5
- 16. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 9 wherein in which the control 1
- means includes means for temporarily inhibiting the current switching means if 2
- the supply voltage to the processor fails to move towards the desired upper 3
- voltage limit or the lower voltage limit. 4
- 17. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 1 wherein in which the processor 1
- has an internal clock having a , the frequency that of which is dependent upon 2
- the supply voltage to the processor. 3
- 18. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 1 wherein in which the processor 1
- is a cryptographic processor. 2

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1 19. (Currently Amended) The device of claim 1 <u>further comprising a</u>

- 2 incorporated into a smart card supporting the processor, the charge storage
- 3 device, and the current source.
- 20. (Currently Amended) A method of operating a data processing device having
- 2 <u>a processor and a charge storage device connected to the processor</u>, comprising
- 3 the steps of:
- 4 drawing a substantially constant current from an external power supply
- 5 <u>at a level switchable among multiple nonzero levels; and</u>
- 6 utilizing the drawn current to cyclically apportioning the [[a]]
- 7 substantially constant current flow from the current source between a charge
- 8 storage device and the [[a]] processor within the data processing device,
- wherein the step of cyclically apportioning the substantially constant
- current flow switches the drawn current level that is periodically or
- aperiodically switched between the multiple different nonzero substantially
- 12 constant current levels at one from among a periodic and aperiodic basis, the
- switching being such that the drawn current varies independently of the
- instantaneous power demand of the processor.
- 21. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 20 wherein further including the
- 2 step of utilizing the drawn current to generate cyclically apportioning a current
- 3 flow to the processor and the charge storage device <u>switches the level of the</u>

4 <u>drawn current</u>, that is periodically or aperiodically, switched between two

5 different nonzero <u>substantially constant</u> current levels.

22. (Canceled)

- 1 23. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 21 wherein further including the
- 2 step of <u>cyclically apportioning a current flow includes</u> determining the interval
- 3 between switching according to an average power demand of the processor.
- 1 24. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 20 wherein the step of cyclically
- 2 apportioning a substantially constant current flow utilizes a first current
- 3 <u>source</u>, and further including the steps of:
- 4 utilizing a second current source to provide a superposed current that
- 5 varies on a random or pseudorandom basis and
- delivering the combined current of the first and second current sources to
- 7 the processor and the charge storage device.
- 25. (Previously Presented) The method of any one of the claims 20, 21, 23, and
- 2 24 further including the step of maintaining a supply voltage to the processor
- 3 between an upper voltage limit and a lower voltage limit.
- 1 26. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 25 wherein further including the
- 2 step of cyclically apportioning a substantially constant current flow switches the
- 3 switching a current level source between a first, higher current level and a

- 4 second, lower, current level, when the supply voltage to the processor
- 5 respectively reaches the lower voltage limit and the higher voltage limit.
- 27. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 26 wherein the step of cyclically
- 2 apportioning a substantially constant current flow further includes including
- 3 the steps of:
- 4 determining a time period taken for the processor supply voltage to reach
- 5 a lower voltage limit from an upper voltage limit, or vice versa, and
- 6 varying the first current level and/or the second current level of the
- 7 current source if the time period falls outside predetermined limits.
- 1 28. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 27 wherein said step of varying
- 2 further includes including the step of raising the first current level if the time
- 3 period for reaching the lower voltage limit falls below a first predetermined
- 4 threshold.
- 29. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 27 wherein said step of varying
- 2 further includes including the step of reducing the first current level if the time
- 3 period for reaching the lower voltage limit exceeds a second predetermined
- 4 threshold.
- 30. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 27 wherein said step of varying
- 2 further includes including the step of reducing the second current level of the

3 time period for reaching the upper voltage limit falls below a first

- 4 predetermined threshold.
- 31. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 27 wherein said step of varying
- 2 further includes including the step of raising the second current level if the time
- 3 period for reaching the upper voltage limit exceeds a second predetermined
- 4 threshold.
- 32. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 26 further including the step of
- 2 temporarily inhibiting the current switching if the supply voltage to the
- 3 processor fails to move towards the desired upper voltage limit or the lower
- 4 voltage limit.
- 33. (Original) The method of claim 20 further including the step of controlling
- 2 the frequency of operation of the processor as a function of the supply voltage to
- 3 the processor.
 - 34-35. (Canceled)
- 1 36. (Currently Amended) The method of claim 28 wherein said step of varying
- 2 further includes including the step of reducing the first current level if the time
- 3 period for reaching the lower voltage limit exceeds a second predetermined
- 4 threshold.